

It is given that $F(z) = \frac{z+1}{z^2 + 2z + 2}$

a) Replace $z=iw$ in $F(z)$ and obtain $F(w)$, $|F(w)|$ and $\angle F(w)$

b) Calculate $F(w)$, $|F(w)|$, and $\angle F(w)$ for the following values of w . $w=[0 \ 0.5 \ 1 \ 1.1 \ 1.2 \ 2 \ 5 \ 10]$

c) Plot the values of $|F(w)|$ versus w and $\angle F(w)$ versus w

d) determine the maximum of $|F(w)|$

e) For which value of w , $|F(w)|$ is maximum

Solution

$$F(iw) = \frac{iw+1}{(iw)^2 + 2iw + 2} = \frac{1+iw}{(2-w^2) + i2w} = \frac{N(w)}{D(w)}$$

$$\text{for } w=0. \quad N(0)=1+i \quad D(0)=(2-0^2)+i2\times0=2$$

$$F(0)=\frac{N(0)}{D(0)}=\frac{1}{2}=0$$

$$\text{for } w=0.5 \quad N(0.5)=1+i 0.5$$

$$D(0.5)=(2-0.5^2)+i2\times0.5=1.75+i$$

$$F(i0.5)=\frac{N(0.5)}{D(0.5)}=\frac{1+0.5i}{1.75+i}=0.553 - 0.03i$$

$$|F(i0.5)|=\sqrt{0.553^2+0.03^2}=0.554$$

$$\angle F(i0.5)=\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-0.03}{0.553}\right)=-0.055^{\text{radian}}=-3.18^{\circ}$$

Similarly

$$F(i)=0.6-0.2i \quad |F(1)|=0.6325, \quad \angle F(1)=-18.4^{\circ}$$

$$F(1.1i)=0.587-0.24i \quad |F(1.1)|=0.633, \quad \angle F(1.1)=-22^{\circ}$$

$$F(1.2i)=0.56-0.28i \quad |F(1.2)|=0.634, \quad \angle F(1.2)=-26.6^{\circ}$$

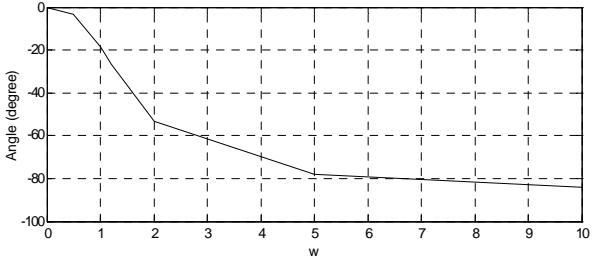
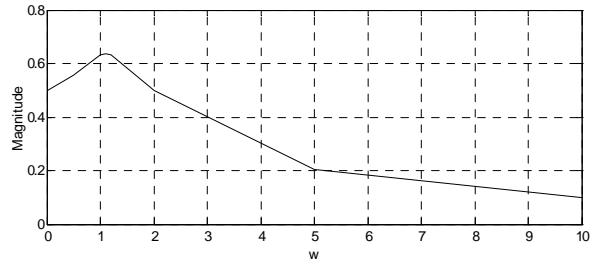
$$F(2i)=0.3-0.4i \quad |F(2)|=0.5, \quad \angle F(2)=-53.1^{\circ}$$

$$F(5i)=0.042-0.198i \quad |F(5)|=0.203, \quad \angle F(5)=-77.8^{\circ}$$

$$F(10i)=0.01-0.1i \quad |F(10)|=0.1005, \quad \angle F(10)=-84.1^{\circ}$$

$$F(\infty)=0-0i \quad |F(\infty)|=0, \quad \angle F(\infty)=-90^{\circ}$$

w	F_R	F_{IM}	$ F(iw) $	$\angle F(iw)$ degree
0	0.5	0	0.5	0
0.5	0.553	-0.03	0.554	-3.17
1	0.6	-0.2	0.632	-18.43
1.1	0.587	-0.243	0.63	-22.52
1.2	0.566	-0.284	0.633	-26.67
2	0.3	-0.4	0.5	-53.13
5	0.042	-0.198	0.203	-77.81
10	0.010	-0.1	0.1005	-84.17
∞	0	0	0	-90



From the table the maximum value of $|F(iw)|$ is 0.636.

This maximum value is at $w=1.1$

$$(\cos q + i \sin q)^n = \cos nq + i \sin nq$$

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$$

$$(\cos q + i \sin q)^3 = \cos 3q + i \sin 3q$$

$$(\cos q + i \sin q)^3 = (\cos q)^3 + 3(\cos q)^2(i \sin q) + 3(\cos q)(i \sin q)^2 + (i \sin q)^3$$

$$= \cos^3 q + i 3 \cos^2 q \sin q + 3 \cos q i^2 \sin^2 q + i^3 \sin^3 q$$

$$= \cos^3 q + i 3 \cos^2 q \sin q$$

$$- 3 \cos q \sin^2 q - i \sin q^3$$

$$= \cos^3 q - 3 \cos q \sin^2 q + i (3 \cos^2 q \sin q - \sin q^3)$$

$$\text{Real Part } \{Z\} = \text{Real Part } \{Z\}$$

$$\cos 3q = \cos^3 q - 3 \cos q \sin^2 q$$

$$\text{Imaginary part } \{Z\} = \text{Imaginary Part } \{Z\}$$

$$\sin 3q = 3 \cos^2 q \sin q - \sin q^3$$

$$(a+b)^4 = a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4$$

$$(a+b)^5 = a^5 + 5a^4b + 10a^3b^2 + 10a^2b^3 + 5ab^4 + b^5$$

$$(a+b)^6 = a^6 + 6a^5b + 15a^4b^2 + 20a^3b^3 + 15a^2b^4 + 6ab^5 + b^6$$

$$(a+b)^7 = a^7 + 7a^6b + 21a^5b^2 + 35a^4b^3 + 35a^3b^4 + 21a^2b^5 + 7ab^6 + b^7$$