

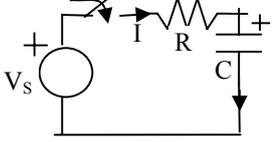
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Öğrenci No:			
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5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

LAPLAS DONUSUMU ILE COZUN

1.a) Sekildeki devrede Anahtar kapatildiktan sonra devre

denklemini $\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{1}{RC} V_c = \frac{1}{RC} V_s$ seklinde

yazilabilecegini gosterin. R, C, degerleri tabloda verilmistir. (Cozum verilmistir)



b) $V_c(0)=A$ Volt, $V_s=0$ Volt icin $V_c(t)$ yi hesaplayin ve cizin.

c) $I=C \frac{dV_c}{dt}$ tanim bagintisini kullanarak $I(t)$ yi

hesaplayin ve cizin.

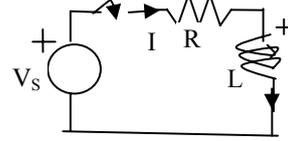
d) $V_c(0)=D$ Volt, $V_s=P$ Volt icin $V_c(t)$ yi hesaplayin ve cizin.

e) $V_c(0)=E$ Volt, $V_s=P$ Volt icin $V_c(t)$ yi hesaplayin ve cizin.

2.a) Sekildeki devrede Anahtar kapatildiktan sonra devre

denklemini $\frac{dI_L}{dt} + \frac{R}{L} I_L = \frac{1}{L} V_s$ seklinde yazilabilecegini

gosterin. R, L, degerleri tabloda verilmistir.



b) $I_L(0)=A$ Amper, $V_s=0$ Volt icin $I_L(t)$ yi hesaplayin ve cizin.

c) $V_L=L \frac{dI_L}{dt}$ tanim bagintisini kullanarak $V_L(t)$ yi

hesaplayin ve cizin.

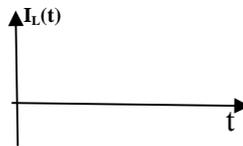
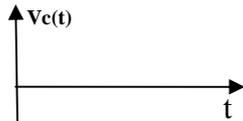
d) $I_L(0)=D$ Amper, $V_s=P$ Volt icin $I_L(t)$ yi hesaplayin ve cizin.

e) $I_L(0)=E$ Amper, $V_s=P$ Volt icin $I_L(t)$ yi hesaplayin ve cizin.

1.a) $-V_s + RI + V_c = 0$
 $-V_s + RC \frac{dV_c}{dt} + V_c = 0$
 $\frac{dV_c}{dt} + \frac{1}{RC} V_c = \frac{1}{RC} V_s$

1.b, 1.c)

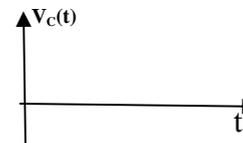
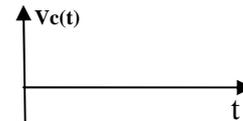
$V_c(t)=$



$I_c(t)=$

1.d, 1.e)

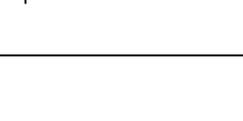
$V_c(t)=$



$V_c(t)=$

1.d, 1.e)

$I_L(t)=$

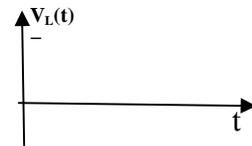
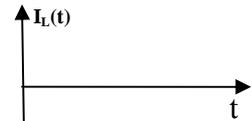


$I_L(t)=$

2.a) $-V_s + RI + V_L = 0$
 $-V_s + RI + L \frac{dI_L}{dt} = 0$
 $\frac{dI_L}{dt} + \frac{R}{L} I_L = \frac{1}{L} V_s$

2.b, 2.c)

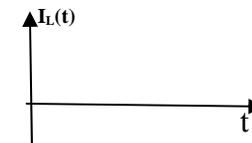
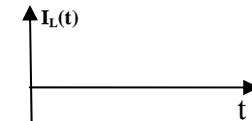
$I_L(t)=$



$V_L(t)=$

2.d, 2.e)

$I_L(t)=$



$I_L(t)=$

