

Application of the eigenvalues

Obtain the state equations for the following circuit

$$\begin{aligned} \text{From the first loop } -V_s + R_1 I_1 + V_L + V_{C2} &= 0 \quad (1) \\ \text{From the second loop } -V_{C2} + V_{C3} I_1 + R_3 I_3 &= 0 \quad (2) \\ \text{The node equation } I_1 &= I_2 + I_3 \quad (3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From (3) } I_3 = I_1 - I_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{From (2) } -V_{C2} + V_{C3} + R_3 (I_1 - I_2) &= 0 \\ -V_{C2} + V_{C3} + R_3 I_1 - R_3 I_2 &= 0 \\ -V_{C2} + V_{C3} + R_3 I_1 &= R_3 I_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Now replace } I_2 = C \frac{dV_{C2}}{dt}$$

$$-V_{C2} + V_{C3} + R_3 I_1 = R_3 C \frac{dV_{C2}}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV_{C2}}{dt} = -\frac{1}{R_3 C_2} V_{C2} + \frac{1}{R_3 C_2} V_{C3} + \frac{1}{R_3 C_2} R_3 I_1 \quad (E1)$$

$$\text{From 1 } V_L = V_s - R_1 I_1 - V_{C2}$$

$$\text{Replace } V_L = L \frac{dI_L}{dt} = \frac{dI_1}{dt}$$

$$L \frac{dI_1}{dt} = V_s - R_1 I_1 - V_{C2}$$

$$\frac{dI_1}{dt} = \frac{1}{L} V_s - \frac{1}{L} R_1 I_1 - \frac{1}{L} V_{C2} \quad (E2)$$

$$\text{From 2 } R_3 I_3 = V_{C2} - V_{C3}$$

$$\text{Replace } I_3 = C_3 \frac{dV_{C3}}{dt}$$

$$\text{From 2 } R_3 C_3 \frac{dV_{C3}}{dt} = V_{C2} - V_{C3}$$

$$\frac{dV_{C3}}{dt} = \frac{1}{R_3 C_3} V_{C2} - \frac{1}{R_3 C_3} V_{C3} \quad (E3)$$

Set $V_s=0$ and Write (E1) (E2) (E3) in matrix form

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{dV_{C2}}{dt} \\ \frac{dI_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dV_{C3}}{dt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-1}{R_3 C_2} & \frac{1}{C_2} & \frac{1}{R_3 C_2} \\ \frac{-1}{L} & \frac{-R_1}{L} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{R_3 C_3} & 0 & \frac{-1}{R_3 C_3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_{C2} \\ I_1 \\ V_{C3} \end{bmatrix}$$

This is linear differential equations.

Problem AE-794 Calculate $V_{C2}(t)$, $I_1(t)$, $V_{C3}(t)$ in the above circuit if $R_3=10$, $C_2=0.1$, $L=0.1$, $R_1=1$, $C_3=0.1$. Sketch the graph of $V_{C2}(t)$, $I_1(t)$, $V_{C3}(t)$ if $V_{C2}(0)=200V$, $I_1(0)=-10A$, $V_{C3}(0)=20V$
Solution Replace $R_3=10$, $C_2=0.1$, $L=0.1$, $R_1=1$, $C_3=0.1$ in the above equation.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{dV_{C2}}{dt} \\ \frac{dI_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dV_{C3}}{dt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 10 & 1 \\ -10 & -10 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_{C2} \\ I_1 \\ V_{C3} \end{bmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A matrix are $\lambda_1=-0.9$, $\lambda_2=-5.54+8.89i$, $\lambda_3=-5.54-8.89i$

$$\mathbf{X}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 8.9 \\ -9.8 \\ 99 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{X}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 6.4-2.8i \\ -0.3+7i \\ -0.5-0.4i \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{X}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 6.4+2.8i \\ -0.3-7i \\ -0.5+0.4i \end{bmatrix}$$

Thus the solution of the circuit is

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_{C2} \\ I_L \\ V_{C3} \end{bmatrix} = C_1 \begin{bmatrix} 8.9 \\ -9.8 \\ 99 \end{bmatrix} e^{-0.9t} + C_2 \begin{bmatrix} 6.4-2.8i \\ -0.3+7.07i \\ -0.5-0.4i \end{bmatrix} e^{(-5.54+8.9i)t} + C_3 \begin{bmatrix} 6.4+2.8i \\ -0.3-7.07i \\ -0.5+0.4i \end{bmatrix} e^{(-5.54-8.9i)t}$$

or

$$V_{C2}(t) = C_1 8.9 e^{-0.9t} + C_2 (6.4-2.8i) e^{(-5.54+8.9i)t} + C_3 (6.4+2.8i) e^{(-5.54-8.9i)t}$$

$$I_L(t) = -C_1 9.8 e^{-0.9t} + (-0.3+7.07i) C_2 e^{(-5.54+8.9i)t} + (-0.3-7.07i) C_3 e^{(-5.54-8.9i)t}$$

$$V_{C3}(t) = C_1 99 e^{-0.9t} + C_2 (-0.5-0.4i) e^{(-5.54+8.9i)t} + C_3 (-0.5+0.4i) e^{(-5.54-8.9i)t}$$

replace $t=0$

$$200 = C_1 8.9 + C_2 (6.4 - 2.8i) + C_3 (6.4 + 2.8i)$$

$$-10 = -C_1 9.8 + C_2 (-0.3 + 7.07i) + (-0.3 - 7.07i) C_3$$

$$20 = C_1 99 + C_2 (-0.5 - 0.4i) + C_3 (-0.5 + 0.4i)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8.9 & 6.4 - 2.8i & 6.4 + 2.8i \\ 9.8 & -0.3 + 7.07i & -0.3 - 7.07i \\ 99 & -0.5 - 0.4i & -0.5 + 0.4i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 200 \\ -10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

The solution is

$$C_1 = 0.35$$

$$C_2 = 15.24 + 0.31i$$

$$C_3 = 15.24 - 0.31i$$

Thus the solution is

$$V_{C2}(t) = 3.11 e^{-0.9t} + (98 - 40i) e^{(-5.54 + 8.9i)t} \\ + (98 + 40i) e^{(-5.54 - 8.9i)t}$$

$$I_L(t) = -3.43 e^{-0.9t} + (-6.7 + 107i) e^{(-5.54 + 8.9i)t} \\ + (-6.7 - 107i) e^{(-5.54 - 8.9i)t}$$

$$V_{C3}(t) = 34.6 e^{-0.9t} + (-7.5 - 6.25i) e^{(-5.54 + 8.9i)t} \\ + (-7.5 + 6.25i) e^{(-5.54 - 8.9i)t}$$

Or if we write in sinusoidal form as in

Example AE-782

$$V_{C2}(t) = 3.11 e^{-0.9t} + 196 \cos(8.9t) + 80 \sin(8.9t)$$

$$I_L(t) = -3.43 e^{-0.9t} - 13.4 \cos(8.9t) - 214 \sin(8.9t)$$

$$V_{C3}(t) = 34.6 e^{-0.9t} - 15 \cos(8.9t) + 12.5 \sin(8.9t)$$